Original Paper

Exploration of the Application of Information Technology in the Teaching of Ideological and Political Theory Courses in Colleges and Universities

He Lingyan¹

¹ Sichuan Minzu College, Ganzi Red Culture Research Center, Kangding City, China

Received: September 11, 2023	Accepted: September 24, 2023	Online Published: October 12, 2023
doi:10.22158/elsr.v4n4p78	URL: http://dx.doi.org/10.22158/elsr.v4n4p78	

Abstract

This study aims to explore the current situation and optimisation strategies of the use of information technology in the teaching of ideological and political theory courses in colleges and universities. Under the background of the information society, the education field is facing the major challenges of how to use modern information technology to improve the quality of education, optimise the allocation of educational resources and enhance the learning effect of students. Through a combination of literature analysis, empirical analysis and case study, this study thoroughly analyses the specific application, practical effects and optimization strategies of information technology in the teaching of ideological and political theory in colleges and universities. This study aims to provide theoretical basis and practical reference for the teaching reform of ideological and political theory courses in colleges and universities, with a view to promoting the improvement of teaching quality.

Keywords

information technology, ideological and political theory courses, teaching

Higher education is an important stage in cultivating socialist constructors and successors with comprehensive development in morality, intelligence, physical fitness, and aesthetics. As a key course for fostering students' character and soul, ideological and political theory courses have strategic significance in higher education. However, with the rapid development of information technology and the fast-changing society, traditional teaching methods of ideological and political courses have become inadequate to meet the learning needs of contemporary college students. Information technology, as a powerful tool and means, has gradually shown great potential in college ideological and political education. However, research on the current application and optimization strategies of information

technology in college ideological and political education is still lacking. Therefore, this paper aims to investigate and analyze the current situation of information technology in college ideological and political education, and explore how to optimize the application strategies of information technology to further improve the effectiveness of ideological and political theory courses and students' development.

1. The Current Status of Information Technology in Teaching and Ideological and Political Theory Courses in Colleges and Universities

1.1 Theories Related to Information Technology in Teaching

Information technology in teaching refers to the optimization and reform of the teaching process through the use of modern information technologies such as the internet, multimedia, and artificial intelligence to improve the quality and effectiveness of teaching. Information technology in teaching has several characteristics. Firstly, it is interactive, enabling real-time interaction and feedback between teachers and students through interactive tools such as the internet. Secondly, it is personalized, providing personalized learning resources and support based on students' different needs and learning styles. Thirdly, it is realtime, enabling real-time delivery and communication of teaching content through tools such as instant messaging. Lastly, it is open, providing rich learning resources and an open learning environment through platforms such as the internet.

1.2 The Current Status and Challenges in the Teaching of Ideological and Political Theory Courses in Colleges and Universities

Currently, there are several problems and challenges in ideological and political education in higher education. Firstly, teaching methods are monotonous, mainly relying on traditional lecture-style teaching, lacking interaction and participation. Secondly, student engagement is low, lacking initiative and enthusiasm, and having inadequate understanding of the importance and practical significance of ideological and political education. Thirdly, the allocation of educational resources is uneven, with relatively fewer ideological and political education resources in some schools and regions, resulting in unstable teaching quality and effectiveness. Lastly, teaching methods are single and lack attractiveness, unable to fully meet the needs of the times and students. These problems limit the improvement of the quality and effectiveness of ideological and political education in higher education and also affect the cultivation of students' ideological and moral qualities and sense of social responsibility.

1.3 The Application of Information Technology in Teaching of Ideological and Political Theory Courses in Colleges and Universities

In recent years, universities have started to attach importance to the application of information technology in teaching ideological and political education. For example, by using information technology tools such as online teaching platforms, multimedia teaching resources, and artificial intelligence assistants, the quality and effectiveness of ideological and political education can be improved. These information technology tools can help teachers interact and communicate with students, providing richer and more diverse teaching resources. At the same time, they can also provide personalized learning content and support based on students' learning needs and interests. Through the application of information technology tools, students' thinking and creativity can be better stimulated, and their initiative and engagement can be enhanced. In addition, information technology tools can also promote the sharing and communication of teaching resources in ideological and political education in higher education, raising the overall level of teaching quality and effectiveness.

2. Specific Applications of Information Technology in Teaching of Ideological and Political Theory Courses in Colleges and Universities

2.1 Information Technology Infrastructure

Information technology infrastructure is the foundation and guarantee for supporting teaching in ideological and political education in higher education, mainly including networks, multimedia, and cloud computing. Networks are the core infrastructure for information transmission and interconnection, providing conditions for real-time communication and remote teaching between teachers and students. Multimedia technology provides rich teaching resources such as images, videos, and audios, enhancing the expression and vividness of teaching content. Cloud computing technology facilitates the storage and sharing of teaching resources, allowing teachers and students to access required teaching resources anytime and anywhere. Strengthening the construction of information technology infrastructure can provide necessary material support for teaching ideological and political education in higher education. *2.2 Online Teaching Platforms*

Online teaching platforms are important carriers of information technology in teaching, enabling realtime updates and sharing of teaching resources. Teachers can publish teaching content, courseware, and exercises on the platform, while students can learn and submit assignments through the platform. Online teaching platforms have characteristics of interactivity and openness, promoting communication and collaboration between teachers and students, enhancing interactivity and openness in the teaching process. Additionally, the platform offers functionalities such as online classrooms, discussion forums, and Q&A platforms, facilitating real-time communication and interaction between teachers and students. Through the application of online teaching platforms, the efficiency and quality of teaching ideological and political education in higher education can be improved.

2.3 Multimedia Teaching Resources

Multimedia teaching resources have the characteristic of being rich and diverse, meeting the personalized learning needs of students. Teachers can utilize multimedia technology to create teaching courseware, videos, and audios, presenting teaching content in a more vivid and intuitive manner. Multimedia teaching resources can enhance students' learning interest and engagement, improve the attractiveness and vividness of teaching content. At the same time, multimedia teaching resources can be shared and disseminated through online teaching platforms, providing abundant teaching materials and resources for different universities and teachers.

2.4 Artificial Intelligence Assistants

Artificial intelligence assistants are emerging technologies introduced in teaching ideological and political education in higher education in recent years. They can assist teachers in teaching management, student guidance, and course evaluation. Through artificial intelligence assistants, teachers can automate the management of students' learning progress and grades, provide personalized learning suggestions and guidance, and help students better understand and master teaching content. Artificial intelligence assistants can also analyze students' learning situations and performances, providing targeted course evaluation and improvement suggestions for teachers, thus improving teaching quality and efficiency. The introduction of artificial intelligence assistants brings new possibilities and challenges to teaching ideological and political education in higher education, providing better learning and teaching experiences for teachers and students.

3. Analysis of the Practical Effects of Information Technology in Teaching of Ideological and Political Theory Courses in Colleges and Universities

3.1 Student Learning Outcomes

The application of information technology in teaching ideological and political education in higher education has a positive impact on students' learning outcomes. Firstly, information technology provides diverse teaching resources, such as online teaching platforms and multimedia teaching resources, which can meet students' personalized learning needs and stimulate their interest and motivation in learning. Secondly, information technology promotes interaction and collaboration between students and teachers. Through functionalities like discussion forums and Q&A platforms on online teaching platforms, students can communicate and interact with teachers in real-time, receiving timely guidance and feedback. This interactive and feedback mechanism helps improve students' learning outcomes and grades. Additionally, information technology can provide online learning resources and course assistance tools, such as online courses and learning software, enabling students to learn and consolidate knowledge independently, further enhancing learning outcomes.

3.2 Teacher Teaching Outcomes

The application of information technology can enrich teachers' teaching methods and means, improving their teaching outcomes and satisfaction. Firstly, teachers can flexibly design and present teaching content using tools like online teaching platforms and multimedia teaching resources, enhancing the attractiveness and vividness of teaching. Secondly, information technology can assist teachers in organizing and managing teaching processes more effectively. For example, using artificial intelligence assistants for teaching management and course evaluation improves teaching quality and efficiency. Additionally, information technology provides a platform for teachers to share and learn from teaching resources. Through online teaching platforms, teachers can communicate and share teaching experiences with each other, thus improving their own teaching level and outcomes.

3.3 Optimization and Equity of Educational Resources

The application of information technology achieves real-time updates and sharing of teaching resources, helping address the issue of uneven distribution of educational resources in teaching ideological and political education in higher education. Firstly, online teaching platforms can achieve real-time updates of teaching resources. Teachers can timely update teaching content and resources based on different teaching needs and current events, ensuring that teaching content remains fresh and engaging. Secondly, online teaching platforms facilitate the sharing of teaching resources. Teachers can upload their high-quality teaching resources to the platform for other teachers and students to learn from and use. This sharing mechanism optimizes the distribution of educational resources to the maximum extent, improves the efficiency of resource utilization, and benefits more students with high-quality educational resources. Through the application of information technology, the balanced development of educational resources can be promoted, narrowing the gap in educational resources.

4. Existence of Problems and Reasons Analysis

4.1 Insufficient Information Infrastructure

The inadequate information infrastructure is one of the main reasons hindering the promotion and application of information technology in teaching. Universities have insufficient investment in information technology equipment, network bandwidth, and teaching platforms, leading to problems such as equipment failures, network delays, and platform instability during the teaching process, which impact the improvement of teaching quality. Additionally, there is a lack of information technology facilities in teaching venues, such as classrooms not being equipped with appropriate multimedia devices to support the needs of information technology teaching.

4.2 Low Level of Information Literacy among Teachers

The low level of information literacy among teachers is a major obstacle in the process of promoting information technology teaching. On the one hand, some teachers are unfamiliar with the application and operation of information technology, unable to flexibly use information technology means to design and implement teaching activities. On the other hand, teachers lack the cultivation of information literacy, which results in a lack of teaching concepts and methods that are compatible with information technology teaching, making it difficult to adapt to the needs of information technology teaching, thereby affecting the improvement of teaching outcomes.

4.3 Lack of Information Technology Teaching Resources

The scarcity of information technology teaching resources is one of the significant problems affecting teaching quality. Universities have insufficient investment in the development and application of information technology teaching resources, resulting in students not being able to access sufficient and diverse learning resources. This makes it difficult to meet the personalized learning needs of students during the teaching process, limiting the improvement of teaching quality. At the same time, due to the lack of information technology teaching resources, teachers face significant challenges in teaching design

and preparation, being unable to fully utilize information technology means to support and promote teaching activities.

4.4 Inadequate Information Technology Teaching Evaluation System

The inadequacy of the information technology teaching evaluation system is an important issue affecting the improvement of teaching quality. The current information technology teaching evaluation system is relatively outdated and cannot fully reflect the characteristics and requirements of information technology teaching. Traditional evaluation indicators and methods are difficult to assess students' learning situations and skill development in an information technology teaching environment, and the improvement of teaching quality lacks effective feedback and evaluation mechanisms. Therefore, it is crucial to establish a sound information technology teaching evaluation system, including comprehensive evaluation indicators and diversified evaluation methods, to promote the improvement of teaching quality.

5. Informationization Strategies for Optimization of Ideological and Political Theory Courses in Colleges and Universities

5.1 Strengthening Information Infrastructure Construction

Strengthening information infrastructure construction is one of the important strategies for optimizing ideological and political education in universities. This includes increasing investment, improving hardware equipment, and enhancing network bandwidth to provide a stable and efficient informationized teaching environment. Sufficient software and hardware facilities will support the application of informationized teaching models such as multimedia teaching, online teaching, and distance education, thereby promoting the improvement of teaching quality.

5.2 Enhancing Teachers' Information Literacy

Improving teachers' information literacy is a key strategy for optimizing ideological and political education in universities. To achieve this, teachers' information literacy can be enhanced through training programs, educational activities, and incentive mechanisms, covering areas such as technical operation skills, information literacy, and instructional design. Teachers should receive comprehensive training in information technology application, online teaching methods, and information resource acquisition to better adapt to the needs of informationized teaching and improve teaching effectiveness.

5.3 Developing Diverse Informationized Teaching Resources

Developing diverse informationized teaching resources is a necessary strategy for optimizing of ideological and political theory courses in colleges and universities. This includes developing multimedia teaching aids, instructional software, and online resources that cater to different learning styles and needs. Universities should provide interactive, diverse, and innovative informationized teaching resources based on students' personalized learning needs to enrich teaching content and methods and improve teaching quality. Additionally, encouraging teachers and students to participate in the sharing and creation of informationized teaching resources will facilitate the continuous updating and optimization of these resources.

These optimization strategies contribute to enhancing the informationization level of ideological and political education in universities and promoting the comprehensive development of students' overall quality. However, to implement these strategies, cooperation and support from universities and relevant departments are required to ensure the effective application and promotion of informationization methods in ideological and political education.

6. Conclusion

In conclusion, the optimization strategies of informationization in of ideological and political theory courses in colleges and universities include strengthening information infrastructure construction, enhancing teachers' information literacy, and developing diverse informationized teaching resources. These strategies aim to improve the quality and effectiveness of ideological and political education in universities and promote students' comprehensive development. However, achieving these optimization strategies requires joint efforts from universities and relevant departments, along with sufficient investment and support. Only through continuous improvement in informationized teaching environment, enhancing teachers' information literacy, and developing diverse teaching resources can universities effectively drive the modernization of ideological and political education, and embrace the educational challenges of the information age.

References

- Guo, H. (2019). Research on Cultivation of New Media Literacy of University Teachers in the Perspective of Smart Education. *Publishing Angle*, *10*, 79-81.
- Hu, J. (2022). Exploration of the Deep Integration of Informationized Teaching and Practical Teaching in Ideological and Political Education in Universities. *Journal of Multimedia and Network Teaching in China*, 3, 65-68.
- Li, X. (2018). Analysis of the Role of Information Technology in Educational Reform. *Modern Vocational Education*, 22, 164-165.
- Wang, J. (2020). Research on the Implementation Strategy of Informationization Construction and Management in University Physical Education Teaching. *Education Theory and Practice*, 40(6), 62-64.
- Wang, Y. (2021). Analysis of Practice Cases of Informationized Teaching. *Electronic Technology*, 50(12), 184-185.